

I. **Language knowledge** : Unit 7,8,9

2. **Pronunciation**: Unit 7,8,9 . Sounds /b/, /k/, /sp/, /st/, stress in words ending in –al and –ous

3. **Vocabulary** : Review words of units 7, 8, 9

Unit 7: . Environmental protection

Unit 8: Shopping

Unit 9: Natural disasters

4. **Listening** : Topics : Environmental protection, Natural disasters, Shopping

5. **Grammar**

Complex sentences with adverb clauses: before, after, when, while, till/ until, as soon as..

1: Choose the correct answer

- I almost missed my flight _____ there was a long queue in the duty-free shop.
A. Although B. since C. despite D. because of
- They decided not to go out for a meal _____ they were too tired
A. So B. because C. but D. if
- They were driving to Dallas _____ they caught an accident.
A. When B. while C. before D. as soon as
- I want to be well-groomed _____ other people think nice things about me.
A. in order to B. so as not to C. so that D. as soon as
- _____ I met the Gills, I had been gardening for nearly ten years.
A. As soon as B. Although C. After D. Before
- In spite of his hard work, he could not finish the job.
A. As hard as he work B. Though he worked hard
C. Despite he worked hard D. Although hard work
- _____ she was asleep, thieves broke in and stole her handbag.
A. In order that B. Although C. Because of D. While
- All people should join hand in protecting the environment _____ we can gain better health.
A. in order that B. when C. because D. even though
- _____ her poverty, she feels happy
A. Although B. Because C. If D. In spite of
- Tony went to work although he didn't feel very well.
A. that he did not feel very well B. despite of the fact not feeling well
C. because he did not feel very well D. despite not feeling very well

2. Adverbs of frequency: Always, usually, often, sometimes, frequently, seldom= rarely , never

Đứng trước động từ thường, đứng sau động từ to be

Trạng từ chỉ tần suất (adverbs of frequency) được sử dụng để diễn tả mức độ thường xuyên hoặc không thường xuyên của một hành động, sự việc, hay trạng thái nào đó.

Always, Usually, Generally, Often, Sometimes, Occasionally, Hardly ever, Rarely, Never

- It [0%] _____ snows in this region of the country.
A. Never B. rarely C. sometimes
- My friend _____ two days of school in a row.
A. often has missed B. has missed often C. has often missed
- The Roberts meet _____ at the annual family meeting.
A. Never B. every week C. yearly
- My grandmother's doctor _____.
A. checks her health monthly B. checks monthly her health C. monthly checks her health
- When _____ on vacation each year?
A. you usually go B. do you usually go C. usually do you go
- Jacob _____ to speak at public meetings.
A. is never asked B. never is asked C. is asked never
- They _____ as much money as their ex-colleagues.
A. hardly will ever earn B. will hardly ever earn C. will hardly earn ever

8. We _____ for long drives, to explore new places
 A. used sometimes to go B. used to go sometimes C. sometimes used to go
9. Lucie [10%] _____ gets to visit with her cousins.
 A. very frequently B. very rarely C. very often
10. _____ of people that wear trendy clothes?
 A. You are often envious B. Are often you envious C. Are you often envious

Complete the sentences with the adverbs of frequency from the box.

always	often	sometimes	rarely	never
--------	-------	-----------	--------	-------

1. My mother _____ shops at the supermarket. She never shops anywhere else.
 2. I _____ buy things online, just once or twice a year. I prefer to shop at the shopping mall.
 3. You can _____ bargain at a supermarket because the prices are fixed.
 4. How _____ do you return things you buy online?
 5. I don't often buy things at the dollar store. My mother only takes me there _____.

3. Present simple for future events: dùng để diễn tả lịch trình sẽ xảy ra trong tương lai (tàu xe, phim ảnh...)
 - The train E1 leaves Ha Noi at 6.00 and arrives in Hai Phong at 10.15.

Khẳng định: S – V(s/es) – O

I/ you/ we/ they/ Ns + V. // She/ he/ it/ N + Vs/es.

Phủ định: S – don't/ doesn't – V – O

I/ you/ we/ they/ Ns + don't V. /// She/ he/ it/ N + doesn't V.

Nghi vấn: Do/ does – S – V – O?

Do I/ you/ we/ they/ Ns + V? // Does she/ he/ it/ N + V?

• Với động từ TOBE (AM/ IS/ ARE)

Choose the best answer

1. The flight to New Zealand _____ at 9 a.m. tomorrow, so you have to come an hour earlier.
 A. left B. leave C. leaves D. is leaving
2. I (not/fancy) _____ making a collage of postcards because it is really time-consuming.
 A. won't fancy B. don't fancy C. doesn't fancy D. is not fancying
3. Hurry up! The train _____ at 6 a.m.
 A. will leave B. leaves C. is leaving D. left
4. Jimmy's music class _____ at 4 o'clock.
 A. starts B. will start C. is starting D. is going to start
5. "We have run out of milk." – "I _____ to the supermarket to buy some."
 A. is going to go B. go C. will go D. is going
6. Jane _____ in the guitar club next Saturday because she's busy.
 A. isn't B. aren't C. won't be D. wasn't
7. My mother promises she _____ me one more doll on my next birthday.
 A. buys B. buy C. will buy D. bought
8. I (become) _____ a teacher in the future as my parents want me to be.
 A. don't become B. doesn't become C. am not D. won't become
9. They _____ to New York to join the Fashion show next week.
 A. will fly B. will be flying C. flies D. fly

4. Past continuous

Form:

+ S + was/ were + V-ING

- S + wasn't / weren't + V-ING

? Was/ Were + S + V-ING?

Use:

a. Thì QKTD diễn tả hành động đang xảy ra tại một thời điểm cụ thể trong quá khứ

At + giờ/ this/that time + mốc thời gian trong quá khứ: At 8 p.m last night

b. Diễn tả một hành động đang xảy ra (HĐ dài: QKTD), thì có một hành động khác xảy ra cắt ngang (HĐ ngắn: QKĐ)
 When he arrived, I was having dinner

c. Thì QKTD diễn tả 2 hành động xảy ra song song cùng 1 lúc trong quá khứ. (2 hành động dài như nhau)

While I was reading a book, my brother was watching TV last night

Rewrite:

I hurt my finger while I was playing the guitar.

=> I was playing _____ .
 I was walking home when it started to rain.
 => While I _____ .
 She broke her leg while she was learning to ski.
 => She was learning _____ .
 He was making lunch when he suddenly felt ill.
 => As he _____ .
 She was telling me about her party when she started to laugh loudly.
 => She started _____ .
 I lost my wallet while I was shopping.
 => While I _____ .
 As the band was playing their first song, all the lights went out.
 => The band was playing _____ .

II/ Exercises

1/ Choose the right answers:

1. After the storm, rescue (A. employees/ B. workers/ C. villagers/ D. victims) come to the village to give support and help those in need.
2. Minh is better (A. at/ B. about/ C. with/ D. for) going shopping than his sister.
3. Mr Buong will call me when he (A. will come/ B. came/ C. comes/ D. come) to Paris tomorrow.
4. The volcanic eruption send a cloud of gas (A. under/ B. into/ C. at/ D. on) the air.
5. Messi (A. always / B. often / C. never / D. usually) watches television because he is very busy.
6. Look! These cups of milktea are (A. on sale/ B. in sale/ C. at sale/ D. to sale). They are 50% off.
7. They were discussing the project on reducing household energy use (A. until/ A. as soon as/ B. after/ C. when) I entered the meeting room.
8. The local authorities have used advanced technology to (A. predict/ B. warn/ C. prevent/ D. erupt) residents about the earthquake.
9. A (A. farmer/ B. customer/ C. worker/ D. shopaholic) is a person who really likes going shopping.
10. They (A. fish/ B. fished/ C. fishing/ D. were fishing) on the lake when it started to rain so they went home.

2. Complete these sentences with the correct tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. Where _____ you _____ (go) when I saw you last weekend?
2. They _____ (not go) to church when I met them yesterday.
3. My mother _____ (not do) the housework when our grandparents came home.
4. I hate (spend) _____ all day on (go) _____ fishing.
5. My father always (make) _____ important decisions in my family.
6. I promise I (try) _____ my best next semester.
7. Unless he bargains carefully, he (buy) _____ anything expensive at the market.
8. Look at the advertisement. _____ the big sale (end) _____ tomorrow?
9. My sister usually (shop) _____ at the supermarket, she (not shop) _____ anywhere else.
10. The No. 26 bus (leave) _____ at 6:45 tomorrow, so we should (get) _____ at 6 a.m

3. Rewrite sentences.

1. You cannot go to the party. You finish the project on alternative energy sources. (UNTIL)
 →
2. I was cleaning out my cupboards. I found these photos. (WHILE)
 →
3. We went to Dong Xuan Market. We left Ho Chi Mirth City at 7pm. (BEFORE)
 →
4. We saw the fire. We immediately called the security guards. (AS SOON AS)
 →
5. David were going to the party. He realised that he forgot to bring the gift. (WHILE)
 →

6. I'll give you a call immediately after I have finished my work. (AS SOON AS)
 →
7. I have a habit of going jogging in the morning. (USUALLY)
 →
8. Emily has a habit of buying bottled water instead of using a reusable water bottle. (OFTEN)
 →
9. My mother doesn't buy anything in this open-air market because the prices are expensive. (NEVER)
 →

4. Write a paragraph

1/. Write a paragraph (80 - 100 words) about the advantages OR disadvantages of a type of shopping.(shopping online, an open -air market, supermarket...)

2/. Write instructions (80 - 100 words) about things to do before, during, and after a flood

3/. Write a notice for the Go Green Club leader to invite students to attend a lecture on water pollution. Use the following details.

Time: 2 p.m. - 4 p.m., 6 March
 Place: School Grand Hall
 Topic: Noise pollution